Furniture, Coffins, Wall Papers, Window Shades, Picture and Room Moldings, Stoves, at Roark's, near Postoffice.



The failure to obtain good ensilage one ways," proposes that the plan now in of old Melia Ann's blood. year is no good reason to abandon it operation in towns generally shall be The picture was taken in his seven the next.

With good ensilage, plenty of root crops and fine hay and some grain the dairyman can make his profits double in winter. Roots are too little raised. They may not supply nourishment for fat and muscle, but they are essential for a good milk supply. Fed with hay and grain they almost take the place of ensilage. But with roots, hay, grain and ensilage we have almost a complete substitute for the best June grass. Properly planned and raised, these four component parts of the win-ter feeding need not be so expensive that the margin of profits is narrowed. Indeed, they can be raised and fed in winter at less actual cost than the ordinary feed of hay and grain which some dairymen hold as their stock winter feed. By having the enslage and roots the grain food can be reduced more than one-half without causing any falling off in the quantity or quality of the winter milk.

Success With Clover.

I am having very good success with clover, although I do not grow as much as I ought, says Lester E. War- able, which are very considerable, shall stakes cow at the Pan-American per in New England Homestead. Dairy farmers are using more and more each succeeding year. If there are any failures, it is due to late seeding and extreme dry, hot weather. I usually seed in the spring with oats, next year I plant with potatoes, using stable manure, about forty two horse loads per acre, and seed down the et spring. The after feed I usually

spring I seeded about one are with orchard grass and alfalfa, on; bushel orchard grass and ten pounds alfalfa, rangement would secure very much as an experiment.

Seamless Cheese Boxes Some of the Watertown (N. Y.) puln mills are perfecting machinery for the purpose of manufacturing cheese boxes out of pulp. They will be made without seams, the whole box, except cover, being pressed out of a sheet of pulp. The cover will also be made in the same way.

Gamgee, conducting experiments for the department of agriculture, Washington, years ago fed forty pounds of fects, says W. A. Henry in Breeder's Gazette. More recently the depart- not increase, as we understand it, the ment of agriculture fed corn smut to the Michigan station Smith fed corn turn for it. And this return would be smut to four cows. The maximum in the definite shape of economy and daily allowance reached eleven pounds | Profit for the residents of the towns of smut per cow. When this allowance as well as for the community generalwas reached, one cow showed indisposition for a time, but soon returned to normal health. At the Wisconsin station the writer fed carefully cleaned smut to two cows. When the allowance reached thirty-two ounces per day, one cow refused to ent more. The | would save to the average farmer from other cow continued to eat more and \$50 to \$100 a year. It is not at all unimore until she was consuming sixty. reasonable to infer that the plan profour ounces per day and was fattening rapidly upon the fair grain ration giv-Then death suddenly ensued.

It is certain that under ordinary conditions smut is not injurious to cattle. It is possible that in certain years or with certain animals it may be poisonous or that certain animals becom abnormal in appetite and seek large quantities of smut in the stalkfields and consuming this brings on trouble or death. More experiments are need-

Curing is one of the important processes of cheese manufacture. The cheeses should be placed in a room which can be kept at a uniform temperature of 65 to 70 degrees. They should be turned at least once a day and thoroughly rubbed with the hand. Some advise removing the cloth as soon as the cheeses are put on the shelves, while others suggest leaving it on until

Feed Is So High Priced.

II. F. Patter, president Connecticut so many causes to make the cost price vary that it would be very difficult to give a correct estimate. I have no heaviest tax known to civilization. figures whereby I could make anything

Cows must be kept healthy and clean and baye pure air to breathe or they cannot yield a good volume of rich, nutritions milk.

Toads: What matters it it a road cost \$3,000, \$6,000 or even \$10,000 per mile if, after it is made, every person who uses it will feel glad that the expenditure was made?

cow that is kept constantly stawires an extra ROAD MONEY WASTED.

ALL THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PART

Vorking Out Highway Taxes Produces No Lasting Results. Commenting on the highway law of

in a recent issue said: must be good, sweet and nourishing. Is to "increase the usefulness of high" ing and the only one with 50 per cent

be applied under state direction.

voted for roads, but is at liberty to butter in a week, is well known, says work out the tax at the rate of one The Rural New Yorker. The dam of day's labor for each dollar due by him. Lottle Melia Ann 100775 is Melia Ann using one-third clover and two-thirds The work, whether voluntary or hired, third 68070-375 pounds 8 ounces of timothy. The sod is turned under and is done when and where the path mas- milk and 28 pounds 8 ounces of butter planted to corn the first year. The ter and the highway commissioner may in a week. Melia Ann third is a full direct. The change urged is that all sister to Melia Ann's Son 22041 and payment of read taxes in labor shall to Melia Ann's Stoke Pogis 22,042. be done away with, that all taxes shail be paid in money and that the money are, not allowing shall be expended under the direction of the skilled and trained officials of the stare.

There can be no doubt that this arbetter return for the money of the various towns than is got at present. No one need be a great traveler in the inand that the badness is tremendously costly. It is quite common to see a fairly good road passing from the area of one town become a wretched road in the next, and the proportion of the latter is many times greater than that

As a rule the actual cost of the decent roads is not appreciably larger than that of the bad ones. The money is used in one case and wasted in the other. The plan suggested would amount collected for roads. It would heifers likewise without ill effects. At simply secure an immensely better re-

It has been estimated that improvement in roads steadily used, which should save only 10 per cent of the wear and tear of horses and wagons and of the time of men employed, posed would effect such an improvement. As it would not cost the country residents a cent more in expenditure, it ought to be popular if it is once understood.

NEED OF GOOD ROADS.

Are Chenper Than Poor Ones. good roads. To have good roads we must have a good road law, says Texas r'arm and Ranch. To have a good road law the people who use roads must be made to comprehend their value. Then they will demand of state and county legislators to proceed to

tical system on that account, whereas bad roads cost a great deal more than telford or macadam. There is no lack ready for shipment. While new it is a ment true. Railroads, telegraphs and good practice to turn the cheeses twice telephones are great modern agencies of civilization, and if there is an exception to the rule that civilization follows these institutions we have fail-Dairymen's association, says there are ed to find it or hear of it. But bad country roads greatly retard the civ-Ilizing process, besides levying the

Rural mail delivery is largely delike a true statement of what it costs pendent upon the character of our me to make a quart of nilk. I am roads, and would be well nigh impracmilking forty-seven cows at present and am free to say that the cost of feeds is so high there is very little profit from my berd.

Plant Trees by the Rondside. How much and at what little cost

WELL BRED JERSEY BULL. Details of How Melia Ann's Ling

Was Bred to Order. George E. Peer says in regard to the the Empire State, the New York Times young bull pictured; "It might be stated that Melia Ann's King 56581 The legislation heretofore enacted for was bred to order. Having purchased the improvement of the roads of the his sire, I bred him to Lottie Melia Ann The silo has in recent years sim- state is good as far as it goes, but it is 100775, who is a sister of Pride's Olga plified winter dairying, and no man not likely to go very far in the lifetime fourth, with a test of 77 pounds 12 can well do without it who expects to of the youngest of our readers. It promake his cows do well in winter, vides for state aid to towns that are both being sired by the same bull, with writes C. T. Lawson in American Cul- willing to contribute their part to bet- hopes of securing a bull fit to head my tivator. This is the best substitute for ter roads built under the direction of herd. In this my expectations were the summer food yet devised. It sup- the state. Up to the present time we fully realized, and Melia Ann's King plies the necessary amount of moist, believe that only 300 miles of the 5,000 was the result. Next to his famous succulent food which the cows demand in the state are benefited by this law. sire he is the highest standard bred to make good milk. But the ensliage The highway alliance, whose purpose pure St. Lambert-Melia Ann bull liv-



Ann's Son 22041, he in turn being sired by Lucy's Stoke Pogis 11544 and out of the great old cow Melia Ann 5444, the has a butter record of 18 pounds ounce in a week made upon grass tlone. The dam of Melia Ann's King 56581 is Lottie Melia Ann 100775, with test of 21 pounds 2 ounces from 305 pounds of milk in seven days, her sire being Melia Ann's Stoke Pogis 22042, so changed that the resources avail- Pride's Olga fourth 96870, the sweep whose record of 651/4 pounds of milk At present each property owner is re- in one day, 420 pounds 9 ounces in seven quired to pay his share of the amount days and 27 pounds one-half ounce of



There is a great deal of rough, broken land in western and southwestern terior of our state to know that the Texas that will grow fairly good grass general condition of the roads is bad that cannot be successfully cultivated, says Dallas Farm and Ranch. At the same time there are millions of acres in the state that are now being grazed cultivated, at least in forage crops. By increasing the acreage cultivated of these tillable lands their cattle producing capacity will be correspondingly increased. In other words, a given ter ritory with a large percentage cultivated in forage crops will produce, fatten and feed more cattle than will the same amount of similar territory where the native grasses are relied on solely for feed. It usually requires ten acres to the animal to supply feed the year around when the natural grasses are relied on, while ten acres properly cultivated in forage crops will produce feed enough to carry a half dozen cattle through the winter. and five acres of the same land will carry one animal through the spring, summer and fall. By raising feed and feeding through the winter the ranchman and farmer not only guards against the possibility of loss, but also more than doubles the capacity of his

This year's experience of feeders with shredded corn fodder will go a long way toward determining the status of this too much neglected forage says American Agriculturist. If attention is given to thorough drying be fore shredding, there can be but little doubt as to the outcome. So far as the careful farmer is concerned, shredded fodder has passed the experimen-The greatest need of the country is tal stage. He knows it is first class rough feed and that if given the proper attention keeps perfectly. However, the average farmer and stockman with his somewhat careless methods may not get the best results. But he knows that the fault is his own, and he can remedy it if he will. The conditions are much the same as those confronting a community asking for free rural delivery. The government says, "Provide good reads, and you will get free delivery." Adopt improved methods, and you will get good feed. The results of this season's experience will be awaited with interest.

To Make Corn Crop Profitable. In the castern states, where dairy ing is a large industry, more land may be devoted to corn, not for sale or exportation, but to feed on the farm from the silo or as grain to the cattle and hogs and thus save purchasing, says an Ohio farmer in American Agriculturist. For the protein needed to balance the ration clover or alfalfa may be grown for roughage, and soy beans will give the protein concentrate re-

These crops should make the dairy farmer almost independent, as little bran would be required. Then let himweed out his dairy, keeping no cow that does not give over 6,000 pounds of milk or make 300 pounds of butter in a year. Corn, in my opinion, cannot be grown in the middle and castern states in competition with the great west for shipment. The grain and stover must k free could the roadways of the country lead- be utilized on the farm and marketed ing to the large cities be beautified if | in live stock or dairy products to make s such each farmer should give a little time to the corn crop profitable to the farmer of the planting of trees and shrubbery of the Ohio valley or the older eastern FOLEY'S HONEY TAR IS A FIRM WALL OF DEFENSE GENTLEMEN:-I had a severe cold which settled on my lungs. I tried a number of advertised remedles and several physicians, but received no benefit. I was in despair when Foley's Honey and Tar was recom-mended, but a few doses gave great relief. I could aleep and the hacking cough ceased. Two bottles cured me entirely. It saved my life. S. F. FRITZ.

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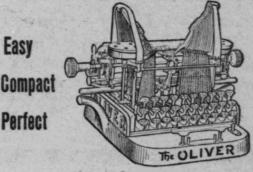
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